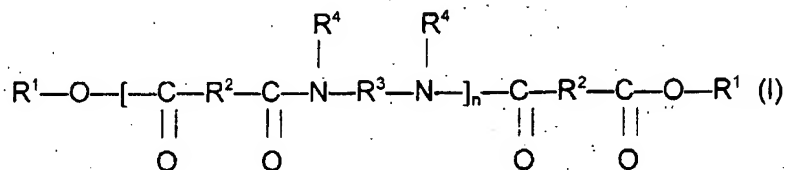


**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Claims 1-103. (Canceled)

104. (New) A method of making a mascara comprising including in said mascara;
- (i) at least one solid substance that has a melting point of about 45°C or greater;
  - (ii) at least one fatty phase structured by at least one polymer;
  - (iii) at least one structuring polymer chosen from polymers of following formula (I):



in which n denotes a number of amide units, such that the number of ester groups represents from 10% to 50% of the total number of ester and amide groups; R<sup>1</sup> is, in each case, independently an alkyl or alkenyl group having at least 4 carbon atoms; R<sup>2</sup> independently represents, in each case, a C<sub>4</sub> to C<sub>42</sub> hydrocarbonaceous group, provided that 50% of the R<sup>2</sup> groups represent a C<sub>30</sub> to C<sub>42</sub> hydrocarbonaceous group;

$R^3$  independently represents, in each case, an organic group provided with at least 2 carbon atoms, with hydrogen atoms and optionally with one or more oxygen or nitrogen atoms; and  $R^4$  independently represents, in each case, a hydrogen atom, a  $C_1$  to  $C_{10}$  alkyl group or a direct bond to  $R^3$  or another  $R^4$ , so that the nitrogen atom to which both  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are bonded forms part of a heterocyclic structure defined by  $R^4-N-R^3$ , with at least 50% of the  $R^4$  groups representing a hydrogen atom;

- (iv) water;
- (v) at least one coloring agent; and
- (vi) at least one preservative.

105. (New) The method of making a mascara according to claim 104, wherein the at least one fatty phase comprises at least one volatile oil.

106. (New) The method of making a mascara according to claim 105, wherein said at least one volatile oil is chosen from isododecane.

107. (New) The method of making a mascara according to claim 104, further comprising including at least one neutralizing agent.

108. (New) A method of making a mascara comprising including in said mascara:

- (i) at least one solid substance that has a melting point of about  $45^{\circ}\text{C}$  or greater;

- (ii) at least one fatty phase structured by at least one polymer;
- (iii) at least one structuring polymer chosen from ethylenediamine/stearyl dimer tallate copolymer;
- (iv) water;
- (v) at least one coloring agent; and
- (vi) at least one preservative.

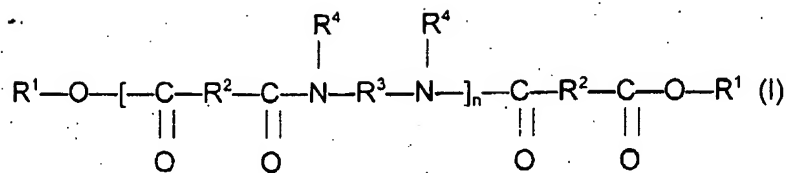
109. (New) The method of making a mascara according to claim 108, wherein the at least one fatty phase comprises at least one volatile oil.

110. (New) The method of making a mascara according to claim 109, wherein said at least one volatile oil is chosen from isododecane.

111. (New) The method of making a mascara according to claim 108, further comprising including at least one neutralizing agent.

112. (New) A method of making a mascara comprising mixing:

- (i) at least one solid substance that has a melting point of about 45°C or greater;
- (ii) at least one fatty phase structured by at least one polymer;
- (iii) at least one structuring polymer chosen from polymers of following formula (I):



in which n denotes a number of amide units, such that the number of ester groups represents from 10% to 50% of the total number of ester and amide groups; R<sup>1</sup> is, in each case, independently an alkyl or alkenyl group having at least 4 carbon atoms; R<sup>2</sup> independently represents, in each case, a C<sub>4</sub> to C<sub>42</sub> hydrocarbonaceous group, provided that 50% of the R<sup>2</sup> groups represent a C<sub>30</sub> to C<sub>42</sub> hydrocarbonaceous group; R<sup>3</sup> independently represents, in each case, an organic group provided with at least 2 carbon atoms, with hydrogen atoms and optionally with one or more oxygen or nitrogen atoms; and R<sup>4</sup> independently represents, in each case, a hydrogen atom, a C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> alkyl group or a direct bond to R<sup>3</sup> or another R<sup>4</sup>, so that the nitrogen atom to which both R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are bonded forms part of a heterocyclic structure defined by R<sup>4</sup>-N-R<sup>3</sup>, with at least 50% of the R<sup>4</sup> groups representing a hydrogen atom;

- (iv) water;
- (v) at least one coloring agent; and
- (vi) at least one preservative.

113. (New) The method of making a mascara according to claim 112, wherein the at least one fatty phase comprises at least one volatile oil.

114. (New) The method of making a mascara according to claim 113, wherein said at least one volatile oil is chosen from isododecane.

115. (New) The method of making a mascara according to claim 112 further comprising including at least one neutralizing agent.

116. (New) A method of making a mascara comprising mixing:

- (i) at least one solid substance that has a melting point of about 45°C or greater;
- (ii) at least one fatty phase structured by at least one polymer;
- (iii) at least one structuring polymer chosen from ethylenediamine/stearyl dimer tallate copolymer;
- (iv) water;
- (v) at least one coloring agent; and
- (vi) at least one preservative.

117. (New) The method of making a mascara according to claim 116, wherein the at least one fatty phase comprises at least one volatile oil.

118. (New) The method of making a mascara according to claim 117, wherein said at least one volatile oil is chosen from isododecane.

119. (New) The method of making a mascara according to claim 116, further comprising including at least one neutralizing agent.